# Best Management Practices for Aquaculture

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#### **BMP Definition**

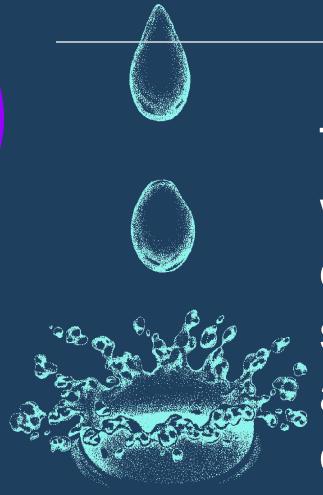
#### Best Management Practice

 Any program, procedural technique, method-ofoperations, skills, measurement or device that maximizes health and well-being of cultured species, minimizes environmental effects, and promotes an efficient and economic aquaculture operation.

## BMPs for Aquaculture

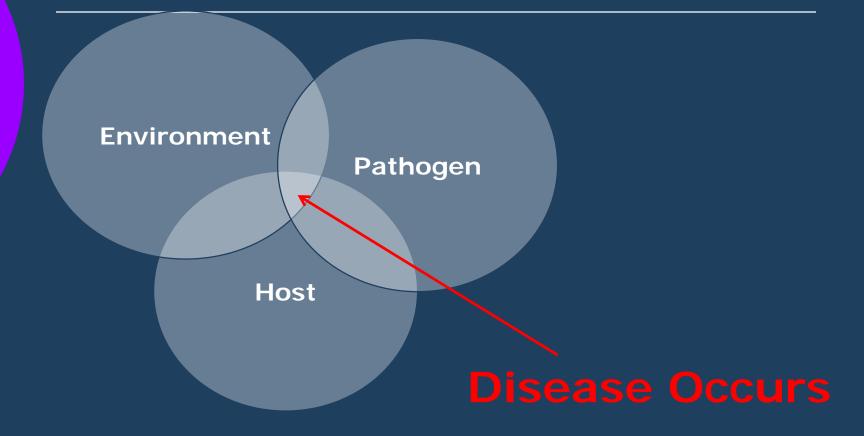
- Water
- Fish health
- Species selection
- Systems
  - Ponds
  - Recirculating
  - Cages
  - Raceways
- Feed management
- Markets

## Water



To a great extent water quality determines the success or failure of a fish farming operation

## Fish Health



## Species Selection

## Selecting A Species

 Choose species with production information available.



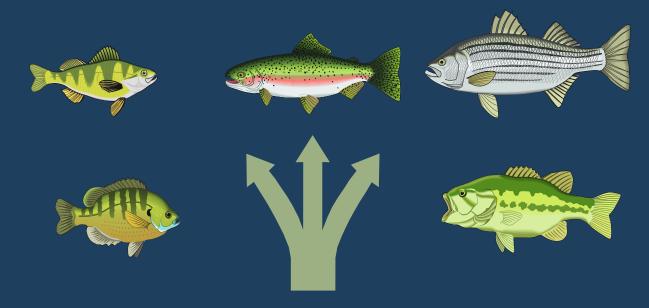




## **Species Selection**



### Selection



If possible, provide variety

#### Ideal Culture Taxa Characteristics

- Grow rapidly to larger size
- Reach market size before reaching sexual maturity
- Readily accept a formulated diet
- Feed fairly low on the food chain
- Not cannibalistic
- Show uniform growth in size
- Readily reproduce

#### Ideal Culture Taxa Characteristics

- Produce large numbers of offspring
- Fairly disease resistant
- Handles well

#### Ideal Culture Taxa Characteristics

- Produce offspring large enough to accept pelleted feeds at first feeding
- Easily cultured under high rearing densities
- Tolerant of poor water quality
- Market value that exceeds production costs

## Systems

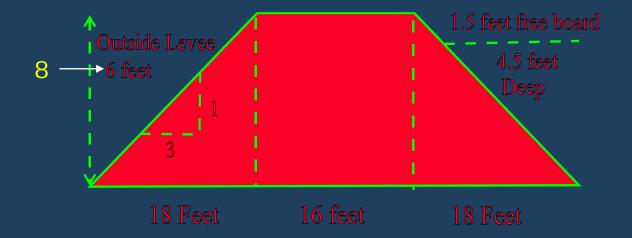
## Levee pond construction

#### Levee width

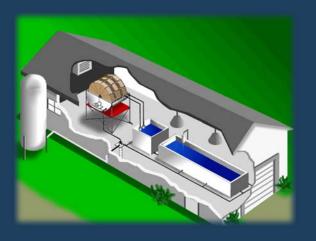
- 20 ft for main
- 16 ft for others
- Depth
  - 8 ft for overwinter
- All-weather access

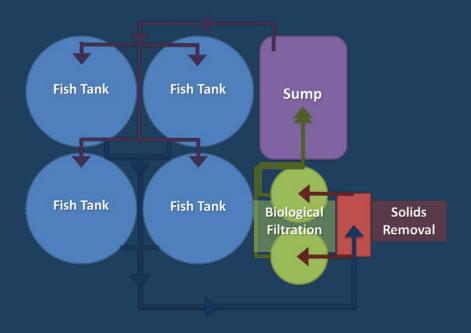


#### **Cross Section of Levee Pond**



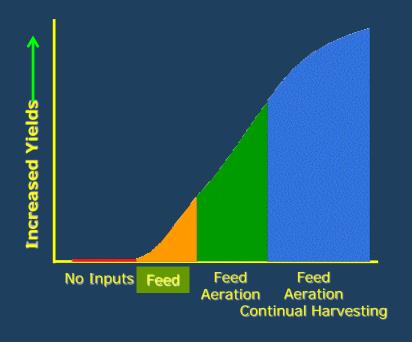
#### Recirculating Aquaculture Systems





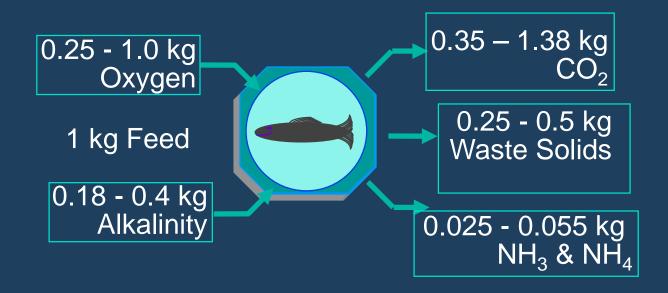
### **Production Rates**

- Variables
  - Feed
  - Aeration
  - Stocking rate

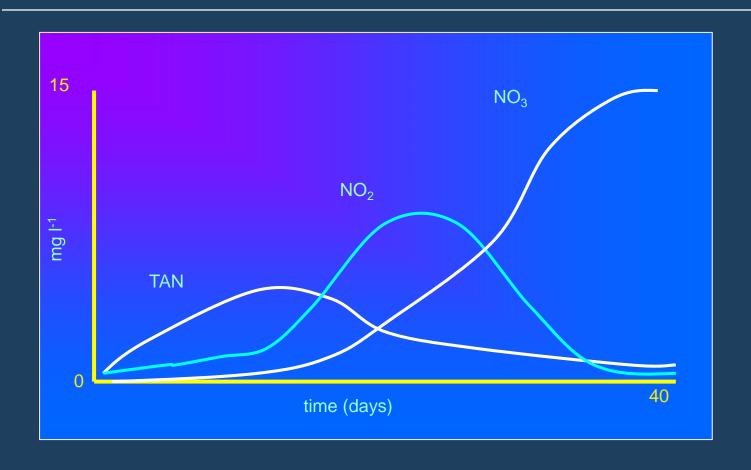


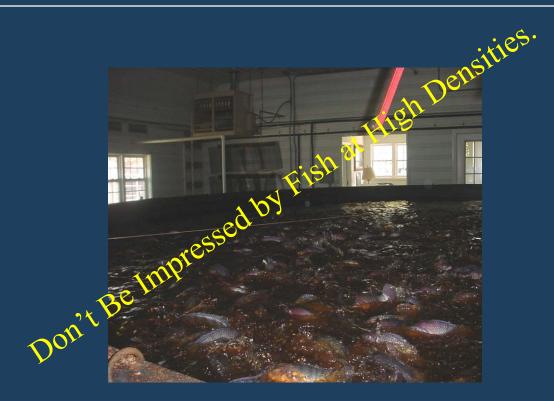
## Ammonia Management

Byproduct of protein digestion



## **Biofilter Timeline**





Fish can be held at high density with low feed even in a poorly designed system

#### Instead

- Be impressed by how much feed can be used without harming water quality.
- Remember it takes feed to grow fish.

## Feed Management

## Feeding Regime

- Continuum from extensive to intensive
  - Supplemental stimulation of food web
  - Formulated diets, supplemental vs. complete
- System specific, species specific and interaction of system and species

## Feed training





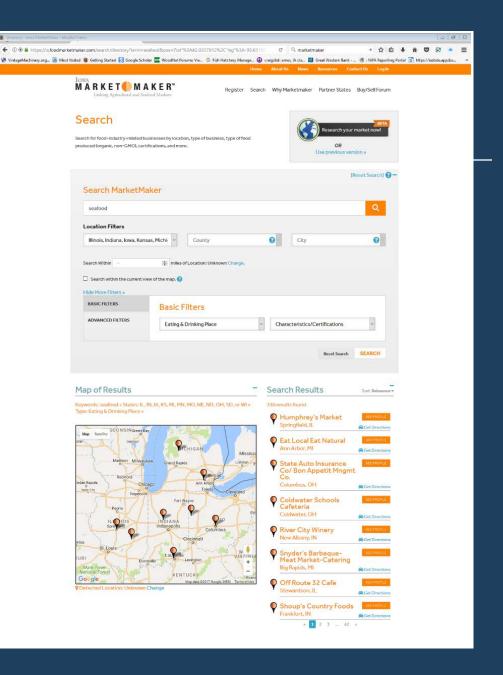
## Feeding

- Pellet size Feed the smallest fish
- Frequency Decreases as animals get older
  - larvae constant supply of food
- Consistent
- Avoid excess food
  - Cost money
  - Expensive fertilizer
- Ad libitum, satiation or restricted feeding?

### Storage

- Cool, dry
- Formulations affect storage fish meal and oil
- Nutrient losses fatty acids, vitamins
- Contamination rodents, fungal, bacterial

## Markets



# Understanding the Marketing Climate

- Market Demand
  - Location
  - Demographics
    - Income
    - Education
    - Age
    - Culture
  - Lifestyle
    - Increasing importance of value-added products
  - Other animal products
    - Red meat industry
    - Chicken

## Questions?

